# $C=$ commodore 

A Brief<br>Introduction<br>to Your<br>Commodore<br>PET

## II. SPECIAL KEYS

The following keys, when pressed while the $\square$ SHIFT key is being held down, will perform the following functions:

| RUN |
| :--- |
| STOP |

CLR SCREEN HOME


OFF RVS

INST
DEL

LOADS and RUNS the next encountered program from the built-in tape unit.

Clears print from screen and moves cursor to upper left corner of screen. Program statements and all variables are retained.

Moves cursor one space up. Will not scroll off top of screen. Does not delete characters as it passes over them.

Moves cursor one space left (backspace). Wraps around to rightmost position on next highest line. Does not delete characters as it passes over them.

Resets reverse field printing to normal printing.

Inserts a space immediately in cursor position. All characters to right of inserted space are moved one space to right. Stops when 80 th character is filled.

When the SHIFT key is not pressed, the keys will perform different functions, as indicated:



Moves cursor one space down. When cursor is at bottom of screen, print will scroll off top of screen. Does not delete characters as it passes over them.

Moves cursor one space right. Will wrap around to left most position of next lowest line. Does not delete characters as it passes over them.


INST DEL

Enables reverse field print (black characters on a white background).

Deletes character immediately to left of cursor. All characters to right of deletion are moved one space left. Line is filled with trailing blanks if needed.

## III. BASIC COMMANDS

Basic Commands and Statements

| COMMAND/ STATEMENT | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLR | CLR | Sets variables to zero. |
| CMD | CMD D | Keep IEEE device D open to monitor bus. |
| CONT | CONT | Continue program execution after a STOP command. No program changes permitted. |
| GOTO | GOTO L | Continue program execution at line $L$ after a STOP command. Program changes are permitted. |
| FRE | PRINT FRE (0) | Returns number of bytes of available memory. |
| LIST | LIST | Lists current program. |
|  | LIST-L | Lists current program through line L. |
|  | LIST L-M | Lists lines $L$ through $M$ of current program. |
|  | LIST L- | Lists current program from line $L$ to end. |
| LOAD | LOAD | Loads next encountered program from built-in tape unit. |
|  | LOAD "NAME" <br> LOAD "NAME" D | Loads file NAME from built-in tape unit. Loads file NAME from device D |
| NEW | NEW | Deletes current program from memory, sets variables to zero. |
| PEEK | PEEK(A) | Returns byte value from address $A$. |
| POKE | POKE A,B | Loads byte $\mathbf{B}$ into address $\mathbf{A}$. |
| PRINT | PRINT A | Prints value of A on display screen. |
|  | PRINT A\$ | Prints specified string on screen. |
|  | PRINT \#D,A | Prints value of $A$ on device $D$. |
|  | PRINT \#D, A\$ | Prints specified string on device D . |
| RUN | RUN | Begins execution of program at lowest |
|  |  | line number. |
|  | RUN L | Begins execution of program at line L. |


| COMMAND/ STATEMENT | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SAVE | SAVE | Saves current program on built-in tape unit. |
|  | SAVE "NAME" | Saves current file or program NAME on built-in tape unit. |
|  | SAVE "NAME," D | Saves current program or file NAME on device D. |
|  | SAVE 'NAME," D.C | Saves file NAME on device D. C soecifies EOF or EOT. |
| STOP | STOP | Stops program execution. |
| SYS | SYS X \$ | Complete control of PET is transferred to a subsystem at hex address contained in the string. |
| TI\$ | TI\$="HHMMSS" PRINT TI | Sets PET's internal clock to real time. Displays number of 'jiffies' since PET was powered up or clock was zeroed. (A jiffy $=1 / 60$ of a second.) |
| USR | USR( $X$ ) | Transfers program control to a program whose address is at locations 1 and 2. X is a parameter passed to and from the machine language program. |
| WAIT | WAIT A,B,C | Stops execution of BASIC until contents of A, ANDed with B and exclusive ORed with $C$, is not equal to zerc. $C$ is optional and defaults to zero. |
| CLOSE | 10CLOSE N | Closes logical file N . |
| DATA | 10DATA 1,2,3,4 | Specifies data to be read from left to right. |
|  | 20DATA TOM, SUE | Alphabetics do nut need to be enclosed in quotes. |
|  | 30DATA "TOM DOE" | If strings contain spaces, commas, colons, or graphic characters, the string must be enclosed in quates. |
| DIM | 10DIM A (n) | Specifies maximum number of elements in an array or matrix. |
|  | 20DIM A (n,m,o,p) | Specifies maximum number of dimensions in an array. |
|  | $30 \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{M}$ A $(\mathrm{m}), \mathrm{B}(\mathrm{m})$ | Number of arrays limited by memory. |
|  | 40DIM A(N) | May be dimensioned dynamically. |
|  | 50 DIM A\$(n) | Strings nay be dimensioned. |
| END | g99END | Terminates program execution. |
| GET | 10GET C | Accepts single character from keyboard. |
|  | 20GET C\$ | Accepts single string character from keyboard. |
|  | 30GET \#D, C | Accepts single character from specified device. |
|  | 40GET \#D,C\$ | Accepts specified single string character from device $D$. |


| COMMAND/ STATEMENT | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT | 1OINPUT A | Accepts value of A from keyboard. |
|  | 2OINPUT A\$ | Accepts string from keyboard. The string does not have to be enclosed in quotes. |
|  | 301NPUT A, A\$, B, B\$ | Accepts specified values from keyboard. |
|  | 40INPUT \#D. A | Accepts value of $A$ from device $D$. |
|  | $501 N P U T$ \#D, AS | Accepts specified string from device D. |
|  | 601 PPUT \#D, A, AS, B, B\$ | Accepts specified values and strings from device $D$. Strings do not have to be enclosed in quotes. |
| LOAD | 10. OAD | Loads next encountered program or file, on buit-in tape unit, into PET's memory. |
|  | 20LOAD "NAME" | Loads program or file NAME into memory from built-in tape unit. |
|  | 30LOAD "NAME",D | Loads specified file NAME from device D. |
| OPEN | 10 OPEN A | Opens logical file A for read only from built-in tape unit. |
|  | 20 OPEN A,D | Opens logical file A for read only from device D. |
|  | 30 OPEN A,D,C | Opens logical file A for command C from device D |
|  | $\triangle 0$ OPEN A,D,C, 'NAME" | Opens logical file A on device D. If device D accepts formatted files, file NAME is positioned for command. |
| POS | 10PR!NT POS(0) | Prints next available print position (position of cursor on screenl. |
| PRINT |  |  |
|  | 2OFRINT A\$ | Prints specified string on screen. |
|  | 3OPRINT A.AS | Prints specified values or strings on screen, beginning in next available print position (pre-TABbed positions are in columns 10,20,30,40 etc.). |
|  | 4OPRINT A:AS | Prints on specified values and strings on screen separated by 3 spaces if numeric, concatenated if string. |
|  | 50PRINT $=0 . A$ | Prints specified value on logical file D. |
|  | GOPRINT $\pm$ D. AS | Prints specified string on logical file D. |
| READ | 10READ A | Obtains value of A from a DATA statement. |
|  | 20READ A\$ | Obtains string literal from a DATA statement. |
|  | 30READ A,AS, B, B\$ | Obtains specified values and strings from DATA statements. |
| REM | 10REM **COMMENT** | Inserts non-executable comments in a program for documentation purposes. |
| RESTORE | 10RESTORE | Permits re-reading of DATA statements without re-running program. |


| COMMAND/ STATEMENT | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TAB | 10 PRINT TAB(N);A | Prints value of $A$ in character position $\mathrm{N}+1$ on screen. |
|  | 20 PRINT TAB(N):A\$ | Prints string beginning in character position $N+1$ on screen. |
| VERIFY | 10 VERIFY | Verifies most recent program saved on built-in cassette by reading it and comparing it with program still in PET's memory. |
|  | 20 VERIFY "NAME" | Verifies specified file NAME saved on built-in cassette by reading it and comparing it with program still in PET's memory. |
|  | 30 VERIFY "NAME",D | Verifies specified file NAME saved on device $D$ by reading it and comparing it with program still in PET's memory. |
| SPC | $10 \mathrm{SPC}(\mathrm{N})$ | Prints N spaces or blanks. |
| FOR... NEXT | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { FOR A }=1 \text { TO } 20 \\ \vdots \\ 90 \text { NEXT A } \end{gathered}$ | Loop control. Performs all instructions between FOR and NEXT as many times as specified by index. In this example, the index variable is $A$. |
| STEP | 10 FOR $A=1$ TO 20 STEP 2 | Step specifies size of increment to be added to index to increase or decrease its value towards the desired number of iterations. |
|  | 90'NEXT A |  |
| IF... THEN | $10 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{A}=10$ THEN PRINT A | If condition is 'TRUE,' instruction following 'THEN' (in this example, 'PRINT A') would be executed. Otherwise, the next statement in sequence is executed. |
| IF... GOTO | 10 IF A=1 GOTO L | If condition is true, control is transferred to specified line. Otherwise, the next statement, following the IF ... GOTO, is executed. |
| GOTO | 10 GOTO L | Transfers control (jumps) to specified line, skipping over intervening lines. |
| GOSUB | 10 GOSUB L | Begins execution of a subroutine which begins on a specified line. |
| ON... GOTO | 10 ON A GOTO L,M,N | Transfers control to specified line (in this example, L,M, or N, depending on value of index $A$. |
| ON... GOSUB | 10 ON A GOSUB L,M,N | Begins execution of subroutine which begins on line $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{M}$, or N , depending on the value of index $A$. |
| RETURN | 9990 RETURN | Subroutine exit; transfers control to the statement following most recent GOSUB directing transfer to the subroutine. |


| FUNCTION | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASC | 10 A $=$ ASC( ${ }^{(1 X Y Z}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) | Returns integer value corresponding to ASCII code of first character in string. |
| CHR\$ | $10 \mathrm{~A} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{~N})$ | Returns character corresponding to ASCII code number. |
| LEFT\$ | 10 ?LEFT\$(X\$,A) | Returns leftmost A characters from string. |
| LEN | 10 ? LEN (X\$) | Returns length of string. |
| MID\$ | 10 ?MIDS $(X \$, A, B)$ | Returns B characters from string, starting with the Ath character. |
| RIGHT\$ | 10 ?RIGHT\$(X\$,A) | Returns rightmost $A$ characters from string. |
| STR\$ | 10 A\$-STR\$(A) | Returns string representation of number, |
| VAL | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{VAL}(A \$) \\ & 20 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{VAL}(" A B C D ") \end{aligned}$ | Returns numeric representation of string. If string not numeric, returns " $\Phi$ " |

ASC, LEN and VAL functions return numerical results. They may be used as part of an expression. Assignment statements are used here for examples only; other statement types may be used.

## Arithmetic Functions

| FUNCTION | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABS | $10 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{ABS}(\mathrm{A})$ | Returns magnitude of argument without regard to sign. |
| ATN | $10 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{ATN}(\mathrm{A})$ | Returns arctangent of argument. C will be expressed in radians. |
| cos | $10 \mathrm{C}=\operatorname{Cos}(\mathrm{A})$ | Returns cosine of argument. A must be expressed in radians. |
| DEF FN | 10 DEF FNA $(B)=C^{*} \mathrm{D}$ | Allows user to define a function. Function label $A$ must be a single letter; argument $B$ is a dummy. |
| EXP | $10 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{EXP}(\mathrm{A})$ | Returns constant ' $e$ ' raised to power of the argument. In this example, e ${ }^{A}$. |
| INT | $10 \mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{NT}(\mathrm{A})$ | Returns largest integer less than or equal to argument. |
| LOG | $10 \mathrm{C}=\operatorname{LOG}(\mathrm{A})$ | Returns natural logarithm of argument. Argument must be greater than or equal to zero. |
| RND | $10 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{RND}(\mathrm{A})$ | Generates a random number between zero and one. If $A$ is less than 0 , the same random number is produced in each call to RND. If $A=0$, the same sequence of random numbers is generated each time RND is called. If $A$ is greater than 0 , a new sequence is produced for each call to RND. |

Arithmetic Functions (Continued)

| SYMBOL | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SGN | $10 C=$ SGN(A) | Returns -1 if argument is negative, returns <br> 0 if argument is zero, and returns +1 if <br> argument is positive. |
| SIN | 10C=SIN(A) | Returns sine or argument A must be <br> expressed in radians. |
| TAN | Returns tangent of argument. A must be <br> expressed in radians |  |

Arithmetic Operators

| SYMBOL | EXAMPLE | PURPOSE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $=$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 A=B \\ & 20 L E T A=B \end{aligned}$ | Assigns a value to a variable. Let is optional. |
| $\uparrow$ | 3OPRINT A 12 | Exponentiation, in example, $\mathrm{A}^{2}$. |
| 1 | $35 C=A / 8$ | Division |
| * | $40 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A} * 8$ | Multiplication |
| + | 50C=A +8 | Addition |
| - | $60 C=A-8$ | Subtraction |
| = | $101 F A=B$ THEN PRINT C | Expression 'equals' expression. |
| <> | $101 \mathrm{~F} A<>B$ THEN $\mathrm{C}=4$ | Expression 'does not equal' expression. |
| < | 101F A<B THEN C $\$={ }^{\prime \prime} \times$ ' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Expression 'is less than' expression. |
| $>$ | 10IF $A>B$ THEN C\$=D\$+E\$ | Expression 'is greater than' expression. |
| < | 101F $\mathrm{A}<=8$ THEN $\mathrm{C}=20$ | Expression 'is less than or equal to' expression |
| > $=$ | 101F $\mathrm{A}>=\mathrm{B}$ THEN $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{D}-1$ | Expression 'is greater than or equal to expression |
| AND | 10IF A AND 8 THEN $\mathrm{C}=0$ | Expression 1 and expression 2 must BOTH be true for statement 10 to be true |
| OR | $201 F$ A OR B THEN C=90 | Expression 1 must be true or expression 2 must be true for statement 20 to be true. |
| NOT | 3OIF NOT A THEN PRINT C | Expression is true if A is false |

Special Symbols, Commands and Statements
SYMBOLS,
COMMANDS, STATEMENTS

EXAMPLE
$10 A=1 \cdot B=2 \cdot C=3$
IOPRINT A;B
20PRINT A\$;B\$

1OPRINT A,B

LOAD "NAME," Deparates elements in LOAD, SAVE, OPEN, and VERIFY.

Abbreviation for PRINT. Stores as one character; lists as word PRINT.

String identifier.
Integer identifier.
String enclosures.
Must follow every command, statement. or data entry; causes cursor to return to leftmost position on next lowest line. Signals "END OF INPUT LINE"

Value of Pi: 3.1415927

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